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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/742,579	12/21/2000	Fatih M. Ozluturk	I-2-91.10US	8594
24374	7590 12/14/2004		EXAMINER	
VOLPE AN	D KOENIG, P.C.		MEEK, JACOB M	
DEPT. ICC UNITED PLA	AZA, SUITE 1600		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
30 SOUTH 17	SOUTH 17TH STREET		2637	
PHILADELP	HIA, PA 19103		DATE MAILED: 12/14/200-	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/742,579	OZLUTURK ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Jacob Meek	2637	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	on appears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address	•
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicati - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ION. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a on. a, a reply within the statutory minimum of the period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC statute, cause the application to become a	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication NBANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	on.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u>12/21/00, 9/27/04</u> .		
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠	This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for a closed in accordance with the practice ur	•	•	S
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 11 - 19 is/are pending in the approach 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 11 - 19 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction is	thdrawn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exa		_	
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>20 December 200</u>		•	
Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the o	****	• •	'a\
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by t	,	-	u).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docu 2. Certified copies of the priority docu 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International B * See the attached detailed Office action for	ments have been received. ments have been received in e priority documents have bee sureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)			
1) ⊠ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-943) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/92) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 11 total.	18) Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

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Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to because of handwritten captions and notations. Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

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Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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2. Claims 11, 15, and 19 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousnesstype double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,707,805. Claims 12 and 16 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 2 of U.S. Patent No. 6,707,805. Claims 13 and 17 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 3 of U.S. Patent No. 6,707,805. Claims 14, and 18 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 4 of U.S. Patent No. 6,707,805. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the apparatus claims of the instant application are the physical embodiment of the patented method of '805. Also, the elements of the base station and mobile unite (subscriber) are well known in the art along with various methods of power control between base stations and subscriber units. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill of the art to implement the method of '805 with known equipment and methods to produce the apparatus as claimed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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3. Claims 11, 15, and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wheatley, III (US Patent 5,267,262) in view of Gilhousen et al (US Patent 5,101,501).

With regard to claim 11, Wheatley teaches an apparatus for power control compromising a base station (see Figure 1, 12, 14), subscriber unit (see Figure 1, 16, 18 where mobile unit is interpreted as equivalent to subscriber unit) with the capability of adjusting transmit power levels. Wheatley is silent with respect to the initiation of communications with the base station. Gilhousen describes the means by which a mobile (subscriber) unit determines which base station to connect to (see column 3, line 45 – column 4, line 9). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to utilize the Wheatley's invention to initiate communications at minimum power to avoid the interference described by Wheatley (see column 4, line 63 – column 5, line 4) in the communication system of Gilhousen to improve system performance.

With regard to claims 15 and 19, these claims are restatements of the functionality of claim 11 as claimed above and therefore, it would have been obvious, considering the aforementioned rejection for the apparatus of claim 11.

Other Cited Prior Art

4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Paneth et al (US Patent 5,022, 024) disclose a radio communications system with control channels that include power control techniques. Schaeffer et al (US Patent 5,210,771) and Ghosh et al (5,508,708) disclose techniques for the adjustment of subscriber power levels. Esmailzadeh, R.; et al (Power control in packet switched time division duplex direct sequence spread spectrum communications; Vehicular Technology Conference, 1992 IEEE 42nd, 10-13 May 1992; Pages: 989 - 992 vol.2); D'Avella, R.; et al (Power control in CDMA systems: performance evaluation

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and system design implications; Universal Personal Communications, 1994. Record, 1994 Third Annual International Conference on, 27 Sept.-1 Oct. 1994; Pages: 73 - 77.); Chuang, J.C.-I.; Sollenberger, N.R (Uplink power control for TDMA portable radio channels; Vehicular Technology, IEEE Transactions on, Volume: 43, Issue: 1, Feb. 1994; Pages: 33 – 39) are related to power control in wireless communications systems.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jacob Meek whose telephone number is (571)272-3013. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 - 4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jay Patel can be reached on (571)272-2988. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JMM JOMON

JAYANTI PATEL
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER